### COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Room 104 – City Hall March 17, 2003 4:15 P.M.

**PAGE** 

(1-2) 1. Consideration of Prescription Card Proposal (attachment)

(3-46) 2. Continued Discussion of Proposed T.H. 52 Noise Walls (attachment)

March 14, 2003

To: Mayor Ardell Brede Council Members Stevan Kvenvold

From: Linda Gilsrud, HR

The cost of providing health care coverage for employees is a concern for many, if not all employers, including the City of Rochester. The newspaper, television, and radio are constantly airing reports decrying double digit annual increases in the cost of providing employee health coverage.

The media cites three main reasons why the employer cost of providing health care coverage is increasing:

- The working population is aging
- Medical technology and equipment that health care institutions must utilize is very expensive
- Prescription drugs are increasingly more costly

During the City's last health coverage plan year (9/1/01 - 8/31/02) pharmacy benefits paid out equaled \$731,687. The employee portion of pharmacy costs under the plan was approximately \$33,000 in deductible and \$139,000 in coinsurance. The City's portion was \$559,000 or 76% of the total cost for more than 12,000 prescriptions.

In order to impact prescription drug cost covered under the City's self-insured plan, Finance and HR staff sought a way to better manage prescription costs while continuing to provide good coverage for employees.

We recommend the utilization of a prescription or pharmacy card to assist in meeting the following objectives identified by Finance and HR staff:

- Seeking a pharmacy benefit plan design which is cost neutral for the City and employees
- Encouraging employees to choose generic or mail order options when
  appropriate for their health Many employers are asking their employees to make the
  best consumer decision possible when filling prescriptions. Med Impact, the PBM
  (pharmacy benefit manager) the City will be using offers savings on dispensing fees and
  discounts on prescription drugs which are even more substantial when the employee
  chooses a generic equivalent or uses the mail order option that will become available.
- **Greater convenience** The card allows the employee and covered dependents to fill and obtain their prescriptions by only having to pay applicable deductible and co pay or coinsurance at the drug store.
- Improved tracking and reporting of drug costs to further enhance drug benefit design in coming years



# Memo

To: Mayor and City Councilmembers

From: Richard W. Freese

CC: Stevan Kvenvold, Mike Easley

**Date:** 3/14/2003

Re: Noise Standards Exemption Request for TH 52 Sound Walls

#### **BACKGROUND:**

MnDOT has requested that the Rochester City Council pass a Resolution in support of the recommendations found in the Noise Standards Exemption Request for TH 14/52 Reconstruction. The City staff has reviewed the Noise Standards Exemption Request for TH 14/52 Reconstruction dated May 2002 prepared by URS Corporation for MnDOT

As part of the TH 52 Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) approved in 1996, a detailed noise mitigation plan was completed. The plan evaluated all "reasonably available noise mitigation measures." The Noise Standards Exemption Request is part of an Environmental Assessment being prepared by the Department to address the environmental impacts associated with the increase in the project scope from 4-lane highway to a 6-lane highway. The Environmental Assessment includes all mitigation measures included in the detailed noise mitigation plan that met the design criteria.

The Exemption Request states "future noise levels exceed both the Federal and State Noise Abatement Criteria and State Noise Standards at many sensitive receptors." Therefore, noise abatement measures are proposed and were analyzed in the study. The TH 52 Reconstruction Project must comply with both the State of Minnesota Noise Standards and the Federal Noise Abatement Criteria. The Study states, "all reasonable and feasible mitigation measures are planned as part of this project. Even with these noise mitigation measures, the Minnesota Noise Standards are exceeded at many locations. Therefore, a Noise Standards Exemption Request will be submitted to the Commissioners of the Minnesota Pollution Control, and the Minnesota Department of Transportation." MnDOT's Exemption Request is for areas along TH 52 where noise mitigation from proposed noise walls has been determined to be ineffective (a 5 dB reduction was not achieved) or not cost-effective (the cost of the noise wall was greater than \$3,250 per decibel reduction per household).

The Study also identifies noise wall locations and heights that have been proposed for construction as a part of the TH 52 Reconstruction Project through Rochester. The Study states that "the standards for Noise Area Classification apply to residential areas and other uses intended for overnight sleeping (hotels, motels, mobile home parks, etc.). The standards also apply to schools, churches, medical services, and park areas."

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Several commercial business owners along the TH 52 Frontage Roads have contacted the City where noise walls are proposed in the Study. These business owners have asked that portions of the noise walls be removed from in front of their property to maintain visibility of their business from TH 52.

The City Council held a meeting on this matter on August 19, 2002 at which time several business owners raised their concerns to the City Council about the locations of proposed noise walls in relationship to their businesses. The City Council asked that I meet with business owners along TH 52 affected by the proposed location of noise walls.

I discussed this matter with MnDOT staff and we agreed to meet with URS (MnDOT's consultant that performed the updated TH 52 Air Quality and Noise Assessment) to discuss this matter after the TH 52 Design Build selection process had been completed (It was agreed to avoid any conflict of interest that neither the City or MnDOT would discuss this matter with URS since they were members on a team proposing on the TH 52 Design Build Project). We subsequently meet with URS staff on December 4, 2002. MnDOT requested that I write a letter to MnDOT formally requesting MnDOT concurrence with the City's retention of URS to utilize MnDOT's noise model developed for the TH 52 Reconstruction Project.

URS has conducted the following professional services under contract with the City:

- 1. Task 1: Meet with business property owners along TH 52 where visibility from TH 52 is affected by the proposed location of noise walls and;
  - a. explain the process used in locating the proposed noise walls, and
  - b. explain the scope of the review the City proposes to have conducted.
- 2. Task 2: Evaluated whether or not the lengths of the proposed noise walls; East Wall 1, East Wall 3, East Wall 6, East Wall 12; East Wall 9, and West Wall 2, can be shortened in length and by how much without;
  - a. increasing the dB of the identified Study receptors by more than 3 dB, and
  - b. without decreasing the cost-effectiveness of the proposed walls below the State criteria for cost-effectiveness.
- 3. Task 3: Evaluated whether or not relocation of the proposed noise walls; East Wall 1, East Wall 3, East Wall 6, East Wall 12 and West Wall 2, behind the business parcels would achieve acceptable noise level reductions and meet the cost-effective criteria for noise wall placement.
- 4. Task 4: Prepared an Addendum to the TH 52 Noise Wall Exemption Study that includes the results of Task #2.
- 5. Task 5: Presented the results of the TH 52 Noise Wall Exemption Study and the Addendum to the City Council at a Committee of the Whole Meeting (1/27/03).
- 6. Task 6: Attended City Council Meeting to answer questions associated with request for Council passage of a Resolution in support of the TH 52 Noise Wall Exemption Study and the Addendum.

A series of 4 different meetings were held on December 19, 2002 with the business owners impacted by the proposed location of the noise walls referenced above. We listened to the concerns of the business owners and asked what variations to the proposed noise wall locations they would like the City to evaluate. We advised the business owners that we would meet with them again during the week of January

20, 2003 to review and discuss with them the results of the evaluation of the alternative noise wall configurations discussed on 12/19/02.

A meeting was held on January 22, 2003 with all of the business owners to discuss the results of the evaluation of the alternative noise wall configurations discussed on 12/19/02.

The City Council met on January 27, 2003 to discus this matter during a Committee of the Whole Meeting. Council directed staff to meet with owners of residential property impacted by an increase in noise levels if the noise walls were removed in those areas requested by the business owners. Mike Easley and I have held meetings with the residential property owners during the week of March 10 - 14. At several meetings the business owners were also present. The business owners stated their concerns and the residential property owners stated their concerns.

The following information reflects the findings of the noise analysis and the meetings with business and residential property owners.

#### **FINDINGS:**

1. EAST WALL 1 (Park Institute): The proposed reduction of 520 feet from the south end of East Wall 1 has no impact except at receiver #9. At this location the proposed change in the length of the wall will result in an increase of 1 dB in the noise at this receiver over current conditions and an increase of 8 dB over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in MnDOT's Noise Assessment Report. The owners of the two parcels comprising this receptor do not want the noise wall constructed across the front of their property. All property owners requesting the wall be shortened have agreed to grant to the City and MnDOT a Noise Easement.

At this time there is no documented opposition to reducing the length the south end of East Wall 1 by 520 feet.

2. EAST WALL 3 (Park Place Motorcars): The proposed reduction of 460 feet from the north end of Wall # 3 has no impact except at receiver #12. This receiver previously was a residential dwelling unit, but now serves an office for a used car sales business. Due to this change in use from residential to commercial the impact on this receiver can be disregarded. The proposed Alternative 1 moves the noise wall from the west side to the east side of the frontage road. This significantly reduces (69 to 61 dB) the noise levels at receiver #13 and only slightly increases (61 to 63 dB) the noise levels at receiver #14. The two property owners north of 26<sup>th</sup> Street NW affected by relocating the noise wall adjacent to their property as proposed by Alternate 1 have agreed to provide construction and maintenance agreements to MnDOT and the City. All property owners requesting the wall be shortened have agreed to grant to the City and MnDOT a Noise Easement.

At this time there is no documented opposition to reducing the length of the north end of East Wall 3 by 460 feet.

3. EAST WALL 12 (Hillcrest Shopping Center to 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW): The proposed elimination of all of Wall #12 (1,690 feet) has impacts on the noise levels of residential property to the south and east of the shopping center and businesses located on the frontage roads between 16<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> Streets NW (Alternative 1).

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The noise impact on receivers #26 and #27 located north of 16<sup>th</sup> Street NW can be mitigated to comparable levels found in the Noise Assessment Report by relocating the proposed noise wall from west of the frontage road to the rear of the shopping center building.

The noise impact on receivers #28, #29, #30 and #31 located south of  $16^{th}$  Street NW and east of  $16\frac{1}{2}$  Avenue NW cannot be completely mitigated to comparable levels found in the Noise Assessment Report. Increases at these receivers ranged from 3 to 7 dB. Various alternatives (See Alternatives 2, 3b - 3b5, and 4) were evaluated by relocating the proposed noises wall from west of the frontage road to the rear of the shopping center building and to the east edge of the office buildings located along the frontage road between  $16^{th}$  and  $14^{th}$  Streets NW.

Alternative 4 was the most effective (increases of 2 to 4 dB) alternative, but requires the closure of 16<sup>th</sup> Street NW between 16 1/2 Avenue NW and the East Frontage Road. Alternative 3b-5 was also another viable Alternative to achieving comparable noise levels found in the Noise Assessment Report.

All business property owners requesting the wall be shortened have agreed to grant to the City and MnDOT a Noise Easement.

At this time there is no documented support from any of the 28 residential property owners, located east of 16 ½ Avenue between 16<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> Streets NW, for relocating the noise wall (East Wall 12 Alternatives 2, 3b – 3b5, and 4) along 16 ½ Avenue or constructing the East Wall 12 as originally proposed by MnDOT along the TH 52 frontage road.

4. EAST WALL 6 (south of 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW): The proposed reduction of 185 feet from the north end of Wall 6 has no impact except at receiver #31. The slight noise impact (3 dB increase) at receiver #31 is a result of the elimination of East Wall #12 and a reduction in the length of Wall 6 south of 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW.

At this time there is no documented opposition to reducing the length of the north end of East Wall 6 by 185 feet.

5. EAST WALL 9 (14th Avenue SW): The proposed reduction of 40 feet from the south end of Wall 9 has an impact at receiver #54. The noticeable noise impact (5 dB increase) at receiver #54 is a result of the shortening of Wall 9.

At this time there is documented opposition from residents of 14<sup>th</sup> Avenue SW to reducing the length of the south end of East Wall 9 by 40 feet.

6. WEST WALL 2 (22<sup>nd</sup> to 26<sup>th</sup> Streets NW): The proposed reduction of 710 feet from the south end of Wall 2 has impacts at receivers #11 and #12.

The 6 dB noise increase at receiver #12 is a result of the elimination of West Wall 2 south of 24<sup>th</sup> Street NW. The two owners of the 7 residential rental apartment buildings along the east side of 18 ½ Avenue NW want noise wall mitigation from the highway noise. Either West Wall Alternative 3 or 4 will mitigate this impact with the construction of a noise wall along the west (rear) property line of the commercial buildings south of 24<sup>th</sup> Street NW that front on the TH 52 West Frontage Road. Alternatives 3 or 4 will cost more to construct than the original noise wall proposed by MnDOT. We have advised the commercial business owners and the rental apartment owners along the proposed relocated alignment of West Wall 2, as shown in

Alternatives 3 or 4, that MnDOT will not pay for the increased cost of these alternatives and that these property owners will have to pay that increased cost increment through a City levied special assessment over a 10 year period. There is no commitment at this time by any of these property owners to pay for these incremental cost increases. The exact cost difference attributable to Alternative 3 or 4 has not been established at this time.

The 14 dB noise increase impact at receiver #11 is a result of the elimination of West Wall 2 south of the south property line of Heritage Manor Apartments. Alternatives 2, 3, or 4 will mitigate this impact with the construction of a noise wall along the south property line of the Heritage Manor Apartment complex west from the frontage road to northeast corner of the existing commercial building that is located along the north side of 24<sup>th</sup> Street NW. An additional segment of noise wall would need to be constructed along the west side of the TH 52 Frontage Road from the south property line of Heritage Manor Apartments northerly a distance of approximately 75 feet.

At this time there is no documented opposition to reducing the length of the south end of West Wall 2 by 710 feet from owners of property north of 24<sup>th</sup> Street NW provided that either West Wall 2 Alternative 2, 3 or 4 is constructed.

The City Council at the January 27, 2003 Committee of the Whole Meeting also discussed that Noise Easements must be granted by the businesses requesting that proposed noise walls be eliminated or shortened in length. The Council also discussed that the possibility that all residential property owners may not be willing to grant a noise easement.

The Noise Easements would state that the "Grantor, its successors and assigns would waive and release the Grantee (City / MnDOT) of any right or cause of action which they or any of them now have or may have in the future against the City of Rochester or MnDOT, its successors and assigns, on account of or arising out of such noise, sound, vibration, dust, fumes, smoke, vapor or other effects heretofore caused by the operation of TH 52. Further Grantors, will not bring any action for damages or injunctive relief against the grantee, its successors or assigns, on account of or arising out of the use of the state highway adjacent to Grantor's property, including noise, sound, vibration, dust, fumes, smoke, vapor or other effects inherent in the operation of State Trunk Highway 52."

The proposed relocation of noise walls from public right-of-way to private property, as shown in the East Wall 3 Alternative 1, East Wall 12 Alternative 1, and West Wall 2 Alternative 3 or 4, will require dedication of both temporary construction and permanent maintenance easements for these proposed relocated noise walls. Unless the property owners are willing to grant MnDOT these easements in a timely manner at no cost, MnDOT will not be able to relocate the walls due the TH 52 Design Build schedule. There is also a concern about maintenance responsibility and costs for noise walls relocated out of public right-of-way onto private property. MnDOT has indicated that they will not responsible for maintenance costs attributable to the relocated noise walls that are constructed on private property. The City should not be expected to accept this additional cost. Therefore, the Council should consider assigning the cost of regular maintenance, including graffitti removal, of these relocated walls to the respective property owners upon whose land the walls are located.

By April 30, 2003, all noise easements, temporary construction easements, permanent maintenance easements, and assessment agreements must be executed by the respective property owners requesting the noise walls proposed by MnDOT be eliminated, shortened or relocated. The failure by any of the respective business owners associated with a

particular noise wall to provide these easements and agreements by April 30, 2003 will void the City Council's decision to recommend that particular noise wall exemption or relocation.

#### NEXT CONSIDERATIONS / ACTIONS BY THE CITY COUNCIL

#### 1. Committee of the Whole meeting on 3/17/03

- a. The results of the additional analysis conducted by URS will be presented to the City Council. The Council will need to weigh the impacts on the businesses located along TH 52 that may result from the location of proposed noise walls in front of their businesses verses the noise impacts to residential properties if the noise walls are shortened in length or eliminated.
- b. The results from the meetings staff held with the residential property owners and the businesses will be presented.

#### 2. City Council Meeting on 3/17/03

- a. Take no action either in support or opposition to MnDOT's Noise Standards Exemption Request, or
- b. Consider adoption of a Resolution in support of MnDOT's Noise Standards Exemption Request, or
- c. Consider adoption of a Resolution in support of an amendment to MnDOT's Noise Standards Exemption Request that includes reduction in the length or elimination of certain noise walls deemed by the City Council to cause an undue hardship, are unreasonable or impractical, and
- d. Adopt a Resolution amending Condition # 1 of the Noise Permit issued by the City Council to MnDOT on April 15, 2002 for the reconstruction of TH 52.
  - i. Condition 1 as approved states "The Noise Permit will not apply to those areas designated on the official Highway 52 Layout Plan to receive noise walls until such time as the noise walls have been constructed."
  - ii. Condition 1 should be amended to state "The Noise Permit will not apply to those areas designated in on the official Noise Standards Exemption Request for TH 14/52 Reconstruction dated May 2002, as amended and approved by City Council Resolution and as approved by MPCA, Highway 52 Layout Plan to receive noise walls until such time as the noise walls have been constructed, unless otherwise amended by the MPCA."

## TH 52 Noise Wall Alternatives Analysis

For

# TH 14/52 RECONSTRUCTION

Prepared for the City of Rochester by URS Corporation

March 2003



# TH 52 Noise Wall Alternatives Analysis

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#### INTRODUCTION

As a part of the TH 52 reconstruction by the Minnesota Department of Transportation (Mn/DOT), noise mitigation is proposed for much of the project corridor in the form of noise walls. A noise mitigation plan was prepared and presented for public review as part of the Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) published in March of 1996. Since the publication of the FEIS, the project has been changed to include an additional lane in each direction. As a result, further environmental analysis has been conducted, which includes a detailed noise analysis. In addition to the change in the project alignment and configuration, the State of Minnesota's rules have been changed regarding noise mitigation for roadway projects. Through the changes and the updated noise analyses, noise walls have been proposed in some locations that were previously not proposed as part of the FEIS. These proposed walls are part of a Draft Noise Standards Exemption Request that is being prepared by Mn/DOT.

Part of the Noise Standards Exemption Request analysis includes consideration of whether noise walls are supported by the community. By means of a City Council Resolution, walls that have been found to be cost-effective can be declined and removed from the project. The goal of this document is to provide the details of several noise walls that have been identified as commercially undesirable to local businesses due to a reduction of visibility from the highway, and to assess the impacts of proposed alternatives.

#### **State Noise Standards Exemption**

The Noise Standards Exemption Request is a document prepared by Mn/DOT for presentation to the Commissioners of Mn/DOT and the MPCA. This document addresses the following information by providing documentation "that all reasonably available noise mitigation measures are employed to abate noise."

Exemption from State Noise Standards. The Minnesota State Noise Standards do not apply to certain roadways provided that all reasonably available noise mitigation measures are employed to abate noise. The exemption criteria are found in Minnesota Statutes 2000, Section 116.07 Subdivision 2a. The text of the exemption is provided as follows, with the specific exemption shown in bold text:

Subd. 2a. Exemptions from standards. No standards adopted by any state agency for limiting levels of noise in terms of sound pressure which may occur in the outdoor atmosphere shall apply to (1) segments of trunk highways constructed with federal interstate substitution money, provided that all reasonably available noise mitigation measures are employed to abate noise, (2) an existing or newly constructed segment of a highway, provided that all reasonably available noise mitigation measures, as approved by the commissioners of the department of transportation and pollution control agency, are employed to abate noise, (3) except for the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul, an existing or newly constructed segment of a road, street, or highway under the jurisdiction of a road authority of a town, statutory or home rule charter city, or county, except for roadways for which full control of access has been acquired, (4) skeet, trap or shooting sports clubs, or (5) motor vehicle race events conducted at a facility



specifically designed for that purpose that was in operation on or before July 1, 1983. Nothing herein shall prohibit a local unit of government or a public corporation with the power to make rules for the government of its real property from regulating the location and operation of skeet, trap or shooting sports clubs, or motor vehicle race events conducted at a facility specifically designed for that purpose that was in operation on or before July 1, 1983.

Source: <a href="http://www.revisor.leg.state.mn.us/stats/116/07.html">http://www.revisor.leg.state.mn.us/stats/116/07.html</a> and <a href="http://www.dot.state.mn.us/metro/tps/htms/noise/leg\_stat.html">http://www.dot.state.mn.us/metro/tps/htms/noise/leg\_stat.html</a>

Subdivision 2a (2), highlighted above in bold type, is the exemption that applies to many state highway project when all reasonable and feasible noise mitigation measures are employed. This guidance is only intended for those projects that meet this exemption criterion.

#### **Noise Exemption Process**

Mn/DOT and the MPCA have created a process to determine that all reasonable and feasible noise mitigation measures are considered before issuing an Exemption from the State Noise Standards. The components of cost-effectiveness include the following:

- If a sensitive noise receiver exceeds the State Noise Standards, cost-effectiveness needs to be considered.
- Noise mitigation must provide a minimum of a 5-decibel reduction
- Cost/Effectiveness ratio must be less than \$3,250 per decibel reduction per household

#### **Differences from the FEIS Process**

The Noise Exemption process is different from the analysis provided in the FEIS in several ways. The FEIS only addressed the Federal Noise Abatement Criteria, which are less stringent than the State Noise Standards. As a result, noise walls were considered in more locations for the current Draft Exemption Request. In addition, the FEIS used a cost-effectiveness ratio of \$4,000 per decibel reduction per household, and the method of ensuring a minimum 5-decibel reduction had been applied differently than currently guided by the Noise Exemption process. For the FEIS, the wall, on average, needed a 5-decibel reduction to be considered reasonable. For the new Noise Exemption process, each individual receiver needs to obtain a 5-decibel reduction to be included in the cost-effectiveness calculation.

The result of all of these changes could result in walls that were previously considered to be cost-effective to be not cost-effective, or vice-versa.

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#### **Analysis Process**

City Staff met with Local business owners on December 18<sup>th</sup>, 2002 to discuss potential alternatives to noise walls in six areas. With input from these business owners, alternative noise mitigation options were created. The figures in Appendix B show the details of the alternatives for each specific area. Each of the alternatives considered include some reduction in the noise wall length as proposed by Mn/DOT in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request. Two of the areas include alternatives with the consideration of a relocated noise wall. The analysis provided shows how noise levels will change as a result of each alternative when compared to the noise walls proposed in the Mn/DOT Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### **Noise Description**

A general description of noise and highway traffic noise is provided to help with interpretation of how noise level changes are perceived by humans, and whether these changes may be considered an impact.

Noise is defined as any unwanted sound. Sound travels in a wave motion and produces a sound pressure level. This sound pressure level is commonly measured in decibels. Decibels (dB) represent the logarithmic increase in sound energy relative to a reference energy level. A sound increase of 3 dB is barely perceptible to the human ear, a 5 dB increase is clearly noticeable, and a 10 dB increase is heard twice as loud. For example, if the sound energy is doubled (e.g. the amount of traffic doubles), there is a 3 dB increase in noise, which is just barely noticeable to most people. On the other hand, if traffic increases to where there is 10 times the sound energy level over a reference level, then there is a 10 dB increase and it is heard twice as loud.

For highway traffic noise, an adjustment, or weighting, of the high- and low-pitched sounds is made to approximate the way that an average person hears sounds. The adjusted sound levels are stated in units of "A-weighted decibels" (dBA). In Minnesota, traffic noise impacts are evaluated by measuring and/or modeling the traffic noise levels that are exceeded 10 % and 50% of the time during the hour of the day and/or night that has the heaviest traffic. These numbers are identified as the L10 and L50 levels. The L10 value is compared to FHWA noise abatement criteria.

The following chart provides a rough comparison of the noise levels of some common noise sources.

Sound	Pressure Level (dBA) Noise Source	
140	Jet Engine (at 25 meters)	
130	Jet Aircraft (at 100 meters)	
120	Rock and Roll Concert	
110	Pneumatic Chipper	
100	Jointer/Planer	
90	Chainsaw	



80	Heavy Truck Traffic
70	Business Office
60	Conversational Speech
50	Library
40	Bedroom
30	Secluded Woods
20	Whisper

Source: "A Guide to Noise Control in Minnesota," Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, <a href="http://www.pca.state.mn.us/programs/pubs/noise.pdf">http://www.pca.state.mn.us/programs/pubs/noise.pdf</a> and "Highway Traffic Noise," FHWA, <a href="http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/htmoise.htm">http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/htmoise.htm</a>

#### **Noise Analysis Results**

Noise mitigation alternatives and the associated noise level changes are described below for each area. Comparisons between the future year 2029 No Build (no highway or noise wall construction) and the proposed alternative are provided. In addition, comparisons between the future year 2029 Build noise walls as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request and the proposed alternative are provided. Noise levels for all of these conditions are provided in tables in Appendix A.

#### East Wall 1

#### Alternative 1

The southern end of East Wall 1 is reduced by approximately 185 feet for Alternative 1. This reduction would provide better visibility of the Park Institute. The impact to the noise levels would result in no impact except at receiver 9. At this location the proposed change in the length of the wall will result in a decrease of 2 decibels in the noise at this receiver over future No Build conditions. An increase of 8 decibels would result over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 2

The southern end of East Wall 1 is reduced by approximately 250 additional feet for Alternative 2 compared to Alternative 1, or a total of 435 compared to the originally proposed walls. This reduction would provide better visibility of the Park Institute from the north. At receptors 7 and 8, an increase of 1 decibel would result over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as Alternative 1. At receptor 9, an increase of 2 decibels would result over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as Alternative 1.

#### Alternative 3

The southern end of East Wall 1 is reduced by approximately 200 additional feet for Alternative 2 compared to Alternative 1, or a total of 635 compared to the originally proposed walls. This



reduction would provide better visibility of the Park Institute from the north, and would increase the visibility for a church behind this wall. At receptor 6, an increase of 1 decibel would result over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as either of the previously discussed alternatives. At receptors 7 and 8, an increase of 1 decibel would result over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as Alternative 2. At receptor 9, the noise levels would not changed compared to Alternative 2.

#### East Wall 3-4

#### Alternative 1

The northern end of East Wall 3-4 includes the removal of the entire 760 foot East Wall 3 (adjacent to the freeway), and a new 280 foot extension of the north end of East Wall 4 (east of the frontage road) for Alternative 1. This change would provide better visibility of a car dealer and a neighboring business north of 26<sup>th</sup> St NW. The impact to the noise levels would result in no impact except at receivers south of 26<sup>th</sup> Street. Note that receiver 12 is now a commercial property, and impacts are not discussed here. At receiver 13, alternative 1 will result in a decrease of 15 decibels in noise compared to future No Build conditions, and a decrease of 8 decibels compared to the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request. At receiver 14, alternative 1 will result in a decrease of 6 decibels in noise compared to future No Build conditions, and the proposed noise wall changes will result in an increase of 2 decibels compared to the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 2

Alternative 2 includes the removal of approximately 460 feet of the north end of East Wall 3 (slightly more than half of East Wall 3), and all of East Wall 4 remains. This change would provide better visibility of a car dealer and a neighboring business north of 26<sup>th</sup> St NW. The impact to the noise levels would result in no impact except at receivers north of 26<sup>th</sup> Street, and a slight impact at two receivers south of 26<sup>th</sup> Street. Note that receiver 12 is no longer a residence. and impacts are not discussed here. At receiver 13, alternative 2 will result in a decrease of 6 decibels in noise compared to future No Build conditions, and an increase of 1 decibel compared to the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request. At receiver 14, alternative 2 will result in a decrease of 5 decibels in noise compared to future No Build conditions, and the proposed noise wall changes will result in an increase of 3 decibels compared to the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request. Receivers 16 and 18 also result in reductions of 6 and 7 decibels, respectively when compared to No Build. Receivers 16 and 18 result in a 1 decibel increase when compared to the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### **East Wall 6**



The northern end of East Wall 6 is reduced by approximately 185 feet for Alternative 1. Note that the East Wall 12 has been completely removed for this alternative. This reduction would provide better visibility of a commercial property near 14<sup>th</sup> Street NW. The impact to the noise levels would result in no impact except at receiver 32. At this location the proposed change in the length of the wall will result in a decrease of 6 decibels in the noise at this receiver compared to future No Build conditions. An increase of 1 decibel would result over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### East Wall 9

The southern end of East Wall 9 is reduced by approximately 40 feet for Alternative 1. This reduction would provide better visibility of a commercial property south of the noise wall. The impact to the noise levels would result in no impact except at receivers 54 and 55. At these locations, the proposed change in the length of the wall will result in a decrease of 4 - 5 decibels in the noise at this receiver compared to future No Build conditions. Receivers 54 and 55 would experience an increase of 5 decibels and 1 decibel, respectively over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### East Wall 12

For East Wall 12 Alternatives 1-4 and 3b-3b3, the entire 1,690 feet of East Wall 12 is removed. East All 12 Alternatives 3b-4 and 3b-5 only include the removal of the northern segment of East Wall 12. Note that a small segment of the north end of East Wall 6 has been removed for Alternatives 1-4 and 3b – 3b3. Alternatives 3b4 and 3b5 include all of East Wall 6. The removal of portions of East Wall 12 would provide better visibility of a shopping center and businesses east of the noise wall proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 1

As a method to maintain mitigation for residences in the area, walls have been considered along the east side of the shopping center structure. These walls would be constructed to connect very close to the structure, and at the same height of the structure. At receivers near this wall, the proposed change of the wall will result in a range of noise level changes from a decrease of 7 decibels to an increase of 3 decibels when compared to future No Build conditions. These receivers would experience an increase of up to 10 decibels over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 2

As a method to maintain mitigation for residences in the area, walls have been considered along the east side of the businesses. These walls would be constructed to connect very close to the structures, and at the same height of the structures. At receivers near this wall, the proposed change of the wall will result in a range of noise level changes from a decrease of 8 decibels to no change when compared to future No Build conditions. These receivers would experience an

increase of up to 8 decibels over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 3

Similar to Alternatives 1 and 2, as a method to maintain mitigation for residences in the area, walls have been considered along the east side of the shopping center and businesses. These walls would be constructed to connect very close to the structures, and at the same height of the structures. At receivers near this wall, the proposed change of the wall will result in a range of noise level changes from a decrease of 8 decibels to no change when compared to future No Build conditions. These receivers would experience an increase of up to 7 decibels over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 4

Similar to Alternatives 1, 2 and 3, as a method to maintain mitigation for residences in the area, walls have been considered along the east side of the shopping center and businesses. For Alternative 4, these walls are connected to close the local street between the shopping center and businesses. A small gap would need to be maintained for pedestrian access to the pedestrian bridge. These walls would be constructed to connect very close to the structures, and at the same height of the structures. At receivers near this wall, the proposed change in the walls will result in a range of noise level changes from a decrease of 9 to 3 decibels when compared to future No Build conditions. These receivers would experience an increase of up to 4 decibels over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

Noise mitigation alternatives have been added based on input from businesses and residences in the area of East Wall 12. The results for each of these alternatives are described below. Note that Alternative 3b-2 does not have an accompanying figure.

#### Alternative 3b

Similar to Alternative3, Alternative 3b includes an additional wall along 16<sup>th</sup> Street from the east side of the shopping center to the west side of 16 ½ Avenue. The resulting noise levels would be the same as Alternative 3, except for receptors 29 and 31, which would experience a 1 decibel reduction.

#### Alternative 3b-2

Similar to Alternative 3b, Alternative 3b-2 includes an additional wall along 16<sup>th</sup> Street from the east side of the shopping center to the east side of the frontage road (note that this alternative does not have an accompanying figure). The resulting noise levels would be the same as Alternative 3b, except for receptor 28, which would experience a 2 decibel reduction.

#### Alternative 3b-3

Similar to Alternative 3b-2, Alternative 3b-3 includes an additional wall along 16<sup>th</sup> Street from the east side of the shopping center to the east side of the frontage road (note that this alternative does not have an accompanying figure). However, this alternative provides an opening to a



driveway to the shopping center in line with 16 1/2 Avenue. The resulting noise levels would be

#### Alternative 3b-4

the same as Alternative 3b-2.

Alternative 3b-4 includes much of the originally proposed East Wall 12. However, the portion of the originally proposed East Wall 12 to the north of 16<sup>th</sup> Street has been removed. The results of this alternative are as much as 7 decibels higher than as with the originally proposed walls.

#### Alternative 3b-5

Alternative 3b-5 is similar to Alternative 3b-4, which incorporates much of the originally proposed East Wall 12, except for the removal of East Wall 12 to the north of 16<sup>th</sup> Street. In addition, Alternative 3b-5 incorporates portions of Alternative 3b-3, but with a 25 foot reduction of the wall north of the shopping center for vehicle access between the front and rear of the property. The results of this alternative are as much as 5 decibels higher than as with the originally proposed wall. This 5-decibel impact would be only at receptor 28. All other receptors would experience noise levels that are 3 decibels or less than the originally proposed walls.

#### West Wall 2

#### Alternative 1

The southern end of West Wall 2 is reduced by approximately 710 feet for Alternative 1. This reduction would provide better visibility of commercial properties on the south end of the noise wall, along with a residential property whose residents have stated a preference for no noise wall. The impact to the noise levels would result in no impact except at receivers 10, 11 and 12. The proposed change in the length of the wall will result in a decrease of 4 and 2 decibels at receivers 10 and 11, respectively in the noise at this receiver compared to future No Build conditions. The proposed change in the length of the wall will result in no change at receiver 12 in the noise at this receiver compared to future No Build conditions. Receivers 10, 11 and 12 would experience an increase of 3, 14 and 6 decibels, respectively over the noise level that could be achieved if the wall were constructed as proposed in the Draft State Noise Standards Exemption Request.

#### Alternative 2

As a result of increased noise due to Alternative 1, a small corner wall was tested near Receptor 11. This small wall segment reduces noise levels at receptor 11 by 15 decibels compared to Alternative 1.

#### Alternative 3

As a result of increased noise due to Alternative 1, additional wall segments have been tested near receptor 12. These wall segments reduce the noise levels at receptor 12 by 13 to 14 decibels. However, the constructibility of these wall segments needs to be investigated further. The need of a retaining wall may cause a condition that is not reasonable.

## **Appendix A**

Noise Wall Alternatives Analysis Results

East Wall 1
TH14/52 - 29th Place NW to beginning of 37th Street NB exit ramp

			OP	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		<		Year 202	9 Build with-		>				
			Originally								
	Year 2029,		Proposed					Change	from Origina	lly Proposed	Walls to
	No Build	No Walls	Walls	Alt1 Walls	Alt2 Walls	Alt3 Walls	Alt4 Walls			native	
RECEIVER		L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	1 - OP	2 - OP	3 - OP	4 - OP
E- 4	69	69	64	64	64	64		0	0	0	
E- 5	66	66	63	63	63	63		0	0	0	
E- 6	76	75	61	61	61	62		0	0	1	
E- 7	70	70	62	62	63	64		0	1	2	
E- 8	76	76	63	63	64	65		0	1	2	
E- 9	77	77	67	75	77	77		8	10	10	





East Wall 3-4 TH 14/52 - South and North of 26th St NW

			OP	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		<		Year 202	9 Build with-		>			•	
			Originally								
	Year 2029,		Proposed					Change	from Origina	Illy Proposed	Walls to
	No Build	No Walls	Walls	Alt1 Walls	Alt2 Walls	Alt3 Walls	Alt4 Walls	ŭ		native	
RECEIVER		L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	1 - OP	2 - OP	3 - OP	4 - OP
E-12	76	76	69	76	76			7	7		
E-13	76	76	69	61	70			-8	1		
E-14	69	69	61	63	64			2	3		
E-15	76	76	61	61	61			0	0		
E-16	70	70	63	63	64			0	1		
E-17	76	76	63	63	63			0	0		
E-18	70	70	62	62	63			0	1		L

Note: Receiver #12 is no longer a residential dwelling unit, and

therefore should not be used for determining the impacts on residential receivers.

East Wall 6
TH 14/52- 7th St NW to 14th St NW (north of Civic Center Drive on east side)

				OP	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			<		Year 202	9 Build with-		>				
				Originally								
	Existing	Year 2029,		Proposed					Change	from Origina	lly Proposed	Walls to
	(2000)	No Build	No Walls	Walls	Alt1 Walls	Alt2 Walls	Alt3 Walls	Alt4 Walls	-		native	
RECEIVER	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	1 - OP	2 - OP	3 - OP	4 - OP
E-32	69	72	71	65	66				1			
E-33	73	72	75	64	64				0			
E-34	65	76	67	62	62				0			
E-35	73	68	74	64	64		Ì		0			•
E-36	68	75	70	65	65				0	1		
E-37	71	70	73	72	72				0			<u> </u>





East Wall 9
TH 14/52 - South of 6th St SW on east side

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			OP	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		<		Year 202	>		<b>.</b>				
			Originally								
	Year 2029,		Proposed					Change	from Origina	ally Proposed	d Walls to
	No Build	No Walls	Walls	Alt1 Walls	Alt2 Walls	Alt3 Walls	Alt4 Walls			native	a.io to
RECEIVER		L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	1 - OP	2 - OP	3 - OP	4 - OP
E-49	71	72	60	60				0			
E-50	76	76	61	61				0			
E-51	72	72	63	63				0			
E-52	72	72	65	65				0		**	
E-53	76	76	65	65			-	0			
E-54	77	76	67	72				5	-	<del>                                     </del>	
E-55	72	72	67	68				1	·		

East Wall 12
TH 14/52 - South of 19th St SW on east side to 14th St

				OP	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			<b>&lt;</b>		Year 202	9 Build with-		>				
	Existing (2000)	Year 2029, No Build	No Walls	Originally Proposed		Alt2 Walls		·	Change fi		Ily Propose	d Walls to
RECEIVER	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	1 - OP	2 - OP	native 3 - OP	4 - OP
E-26	66	69	68	63	62	68	61	61	-1	2 - OF	-2	-2
E-27	66	69	69	60	68	68	62	62	8	8	2	2
E-28	69	69	72	62	72	69	69	66	10	7	7	4
E-29	67	72	69	60	69	64	64	63	9	4	4	3
E-30	69	69	72	62	72	64	64	64	10	2	2	2
E-31	69	72	71	64	71	68	68	67	7	4	4	3

				OP	3b	3b-2	3b-3	3b-4	3b-5					
			<.		Yea	r 2029 Buil	d with		>					<u> </u>
		1		Originally					1				·	
	Existing	Year 2029,		Proposed	Alt3b	Alt3b-2	Alt3b-3	Alt3b-4	Alt3b-5					
	(2000)	No Build	No Walls	Walls	Walls	Walls	Walls	Walls	Walls	Change f	rom Origina	ilv Propose	d Walls to	Alternative
RECEIVER	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	3b - OP		3b3 - OP		
E-26	66	69	68	63	61	61	61	68	62	-2	-2	-2	5	-1
E-27	66	69	69	60	62	62	62	67	61	2	2	2	7	<del> </del>
E-28	69	69	72	62	69	67	67	68	67	7	5	5	6	5
E-29	67	72	69	60	63	63	63	63	63	3	3	<u> </u>	3	3
E-30	69	69	72	62	64	64	64	64	64	2	2	2	2	2
E-31	69	72	71	64	67	67	67	64	64	3	3	3	0	0





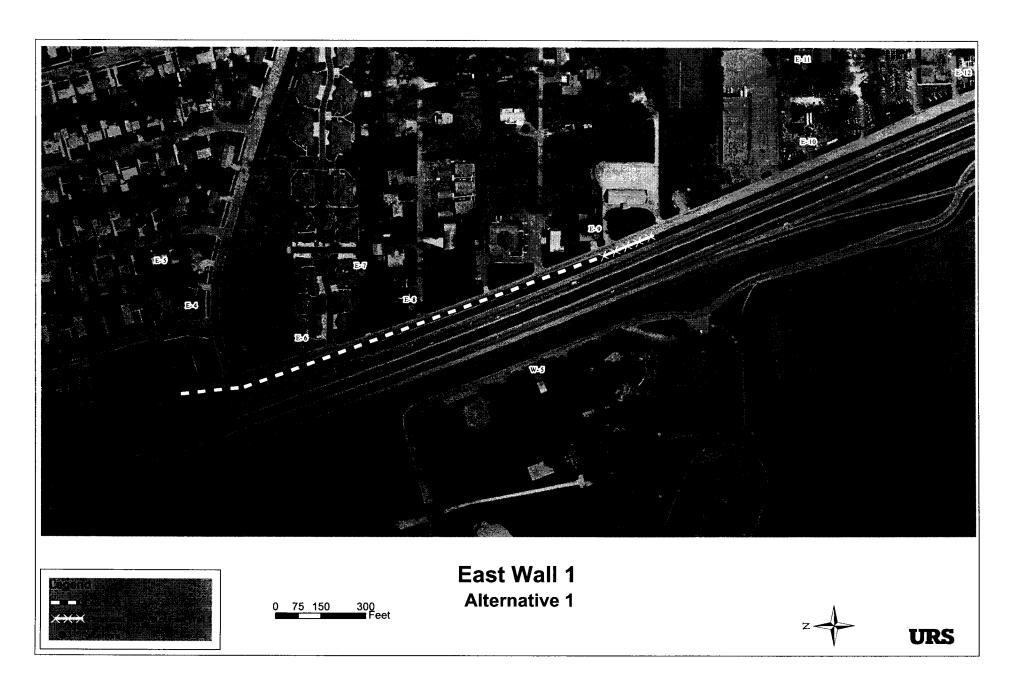
West Wall 2 TH 52 - North of 19th St NW

			OP	1	2	3	4	1	2	4	5
		<		Year 2029	Build with		>				
		_	Originally								
	Year 2029,		Proposed					Change f	rom Origina	lly Proposed	Walls to
	No Build	No Walls	Walls	Alt1 Walls	Alt2 Walls	Alt3 Walls	Alt4 Walls		Alterr		
RECEIVER		L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	L10	1 - OP	2 - OP	3 - OP	4 - OP
W-6	68	68	63	63	63	63	63	0	0	0	0
W-7	76	76	66	66	66	66	66	0	0	0	0
W-8	78	78	64	64	64	64	64	0	0	0	0
W-9	72	72	63	63	63	63	63	0	0	0	0
W-10	67	67	60	63	63	63	63	3	3	3	3
W-11	79	78	63	77	62	62	62	14	-1	-1	-1
W-12	70	70	64	70	70	57	56	6	6	-7	-8

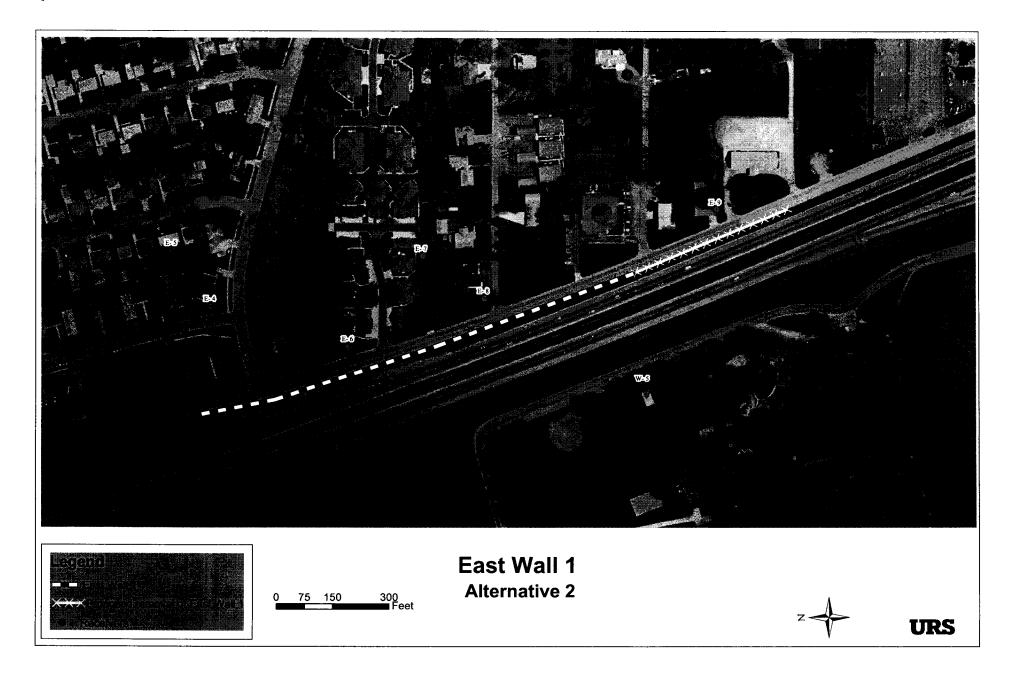


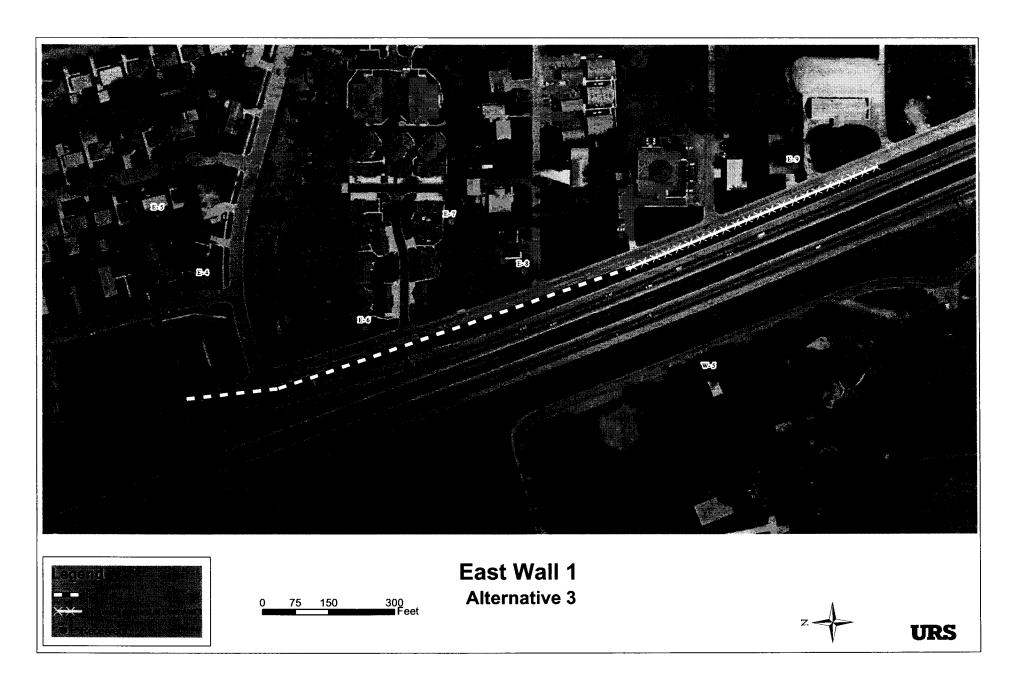
## **Appendix B**

Figures

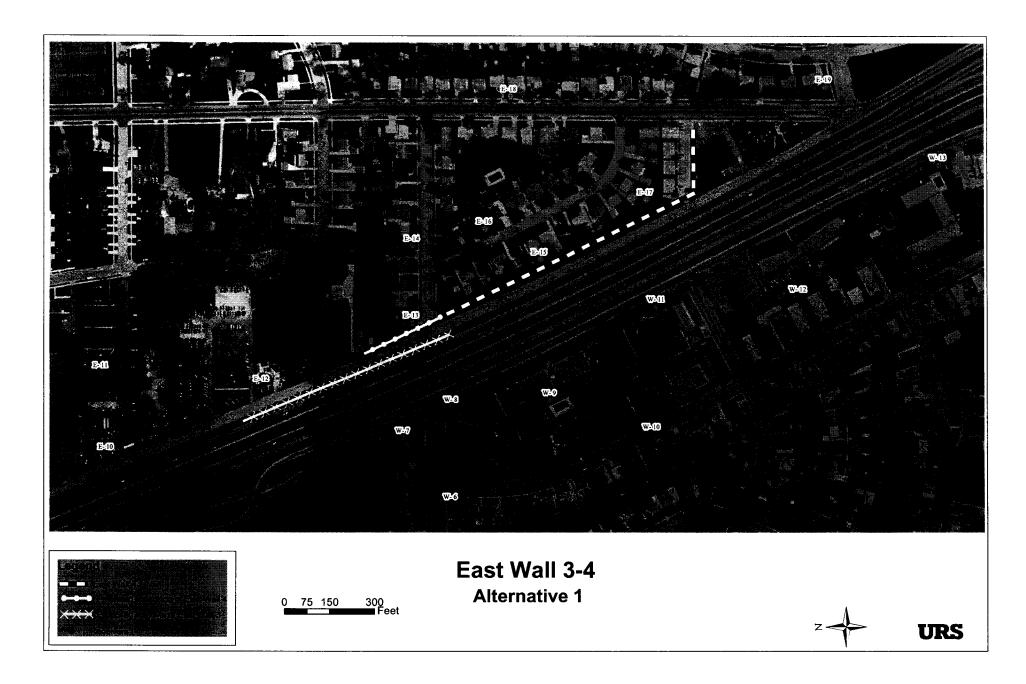


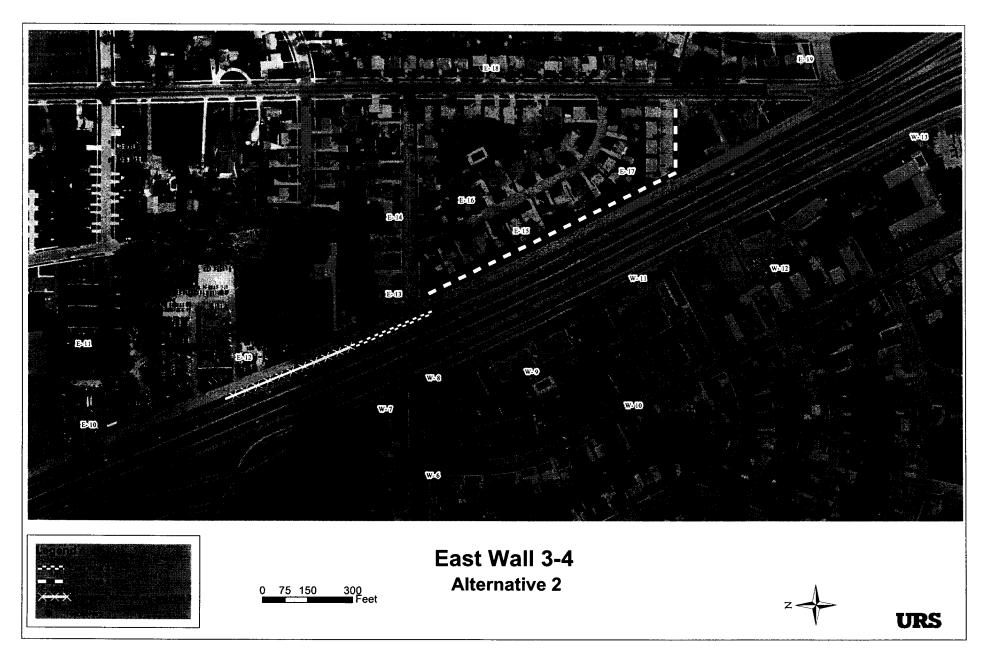




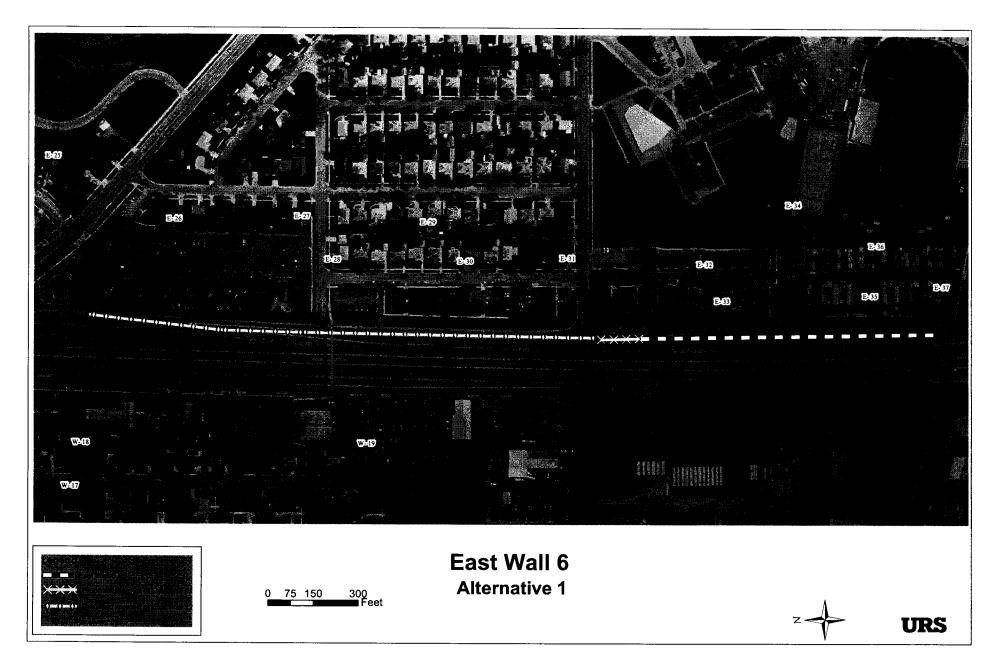


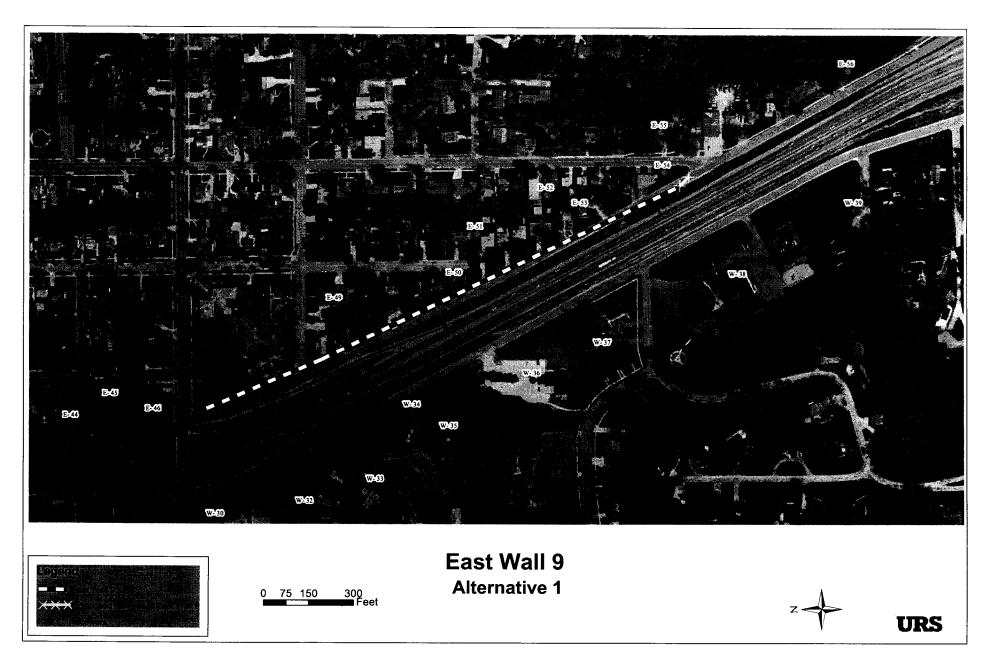






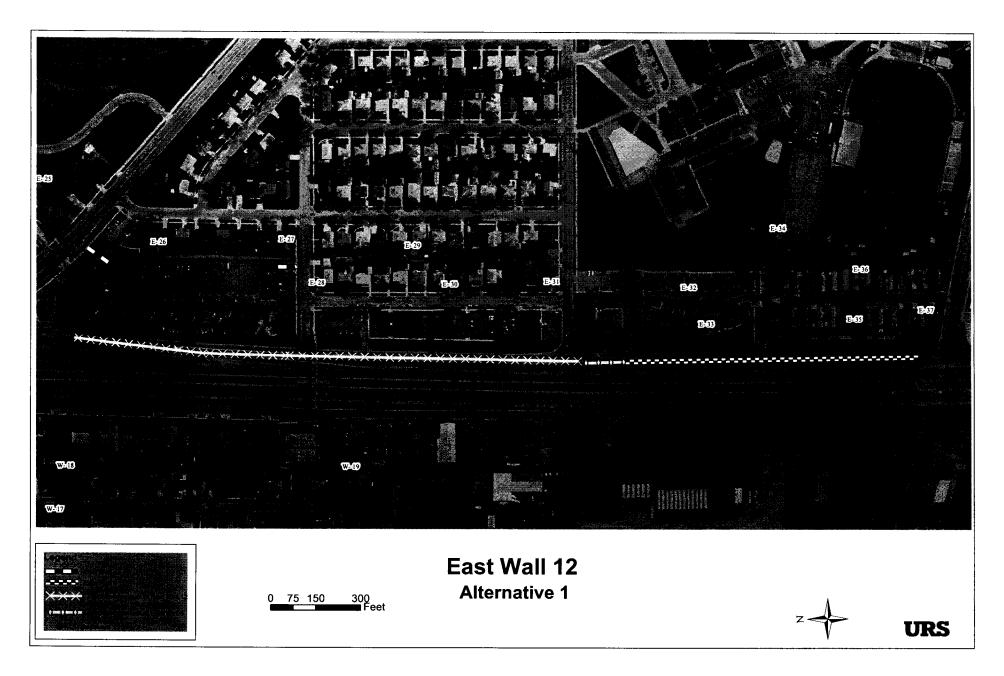


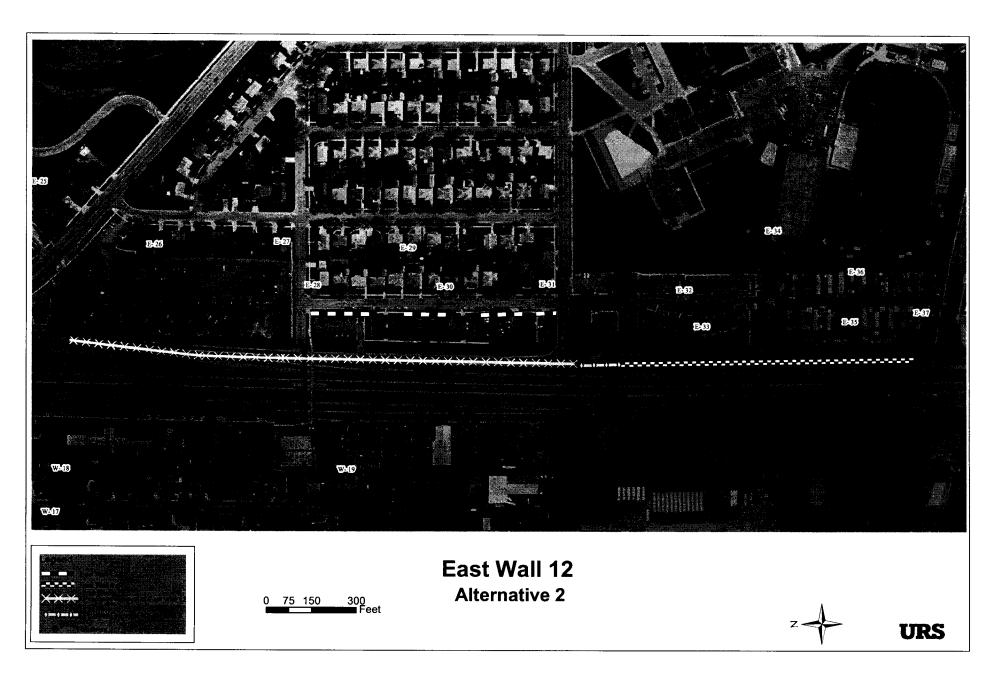




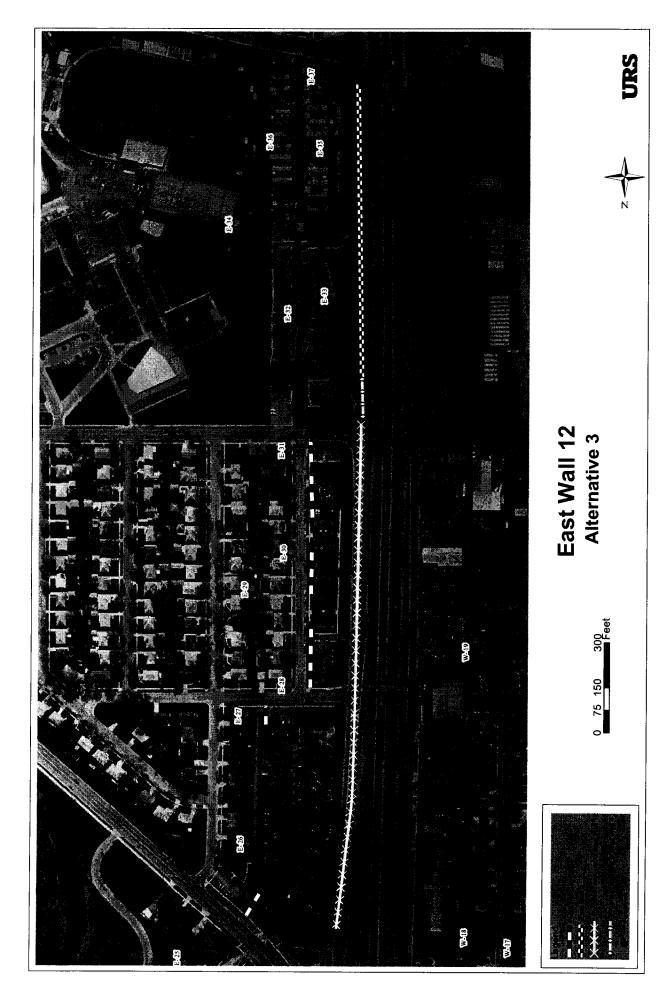




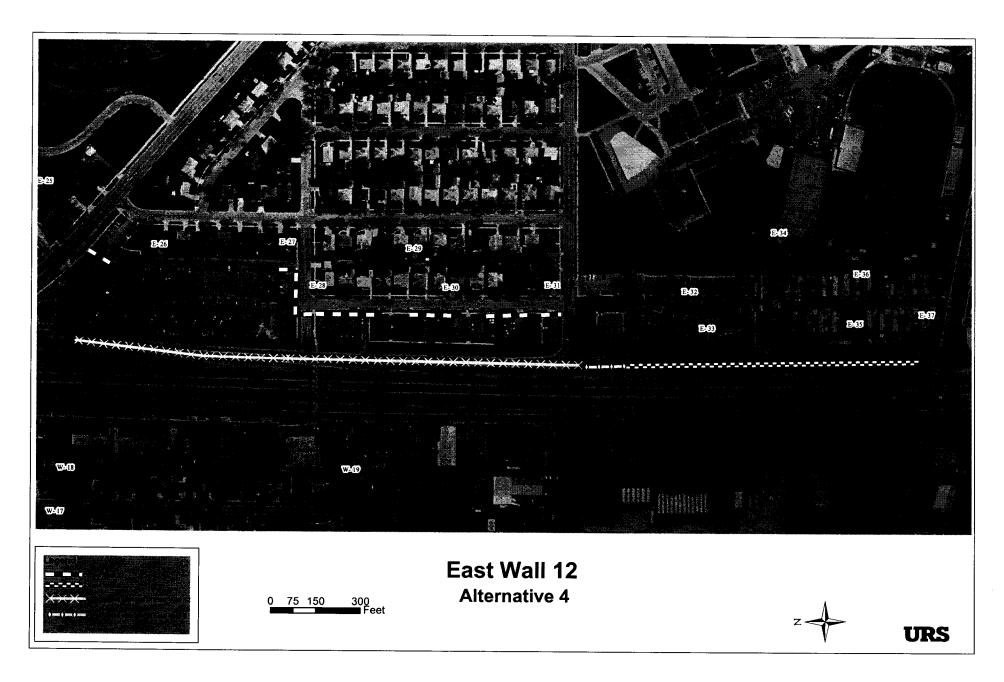




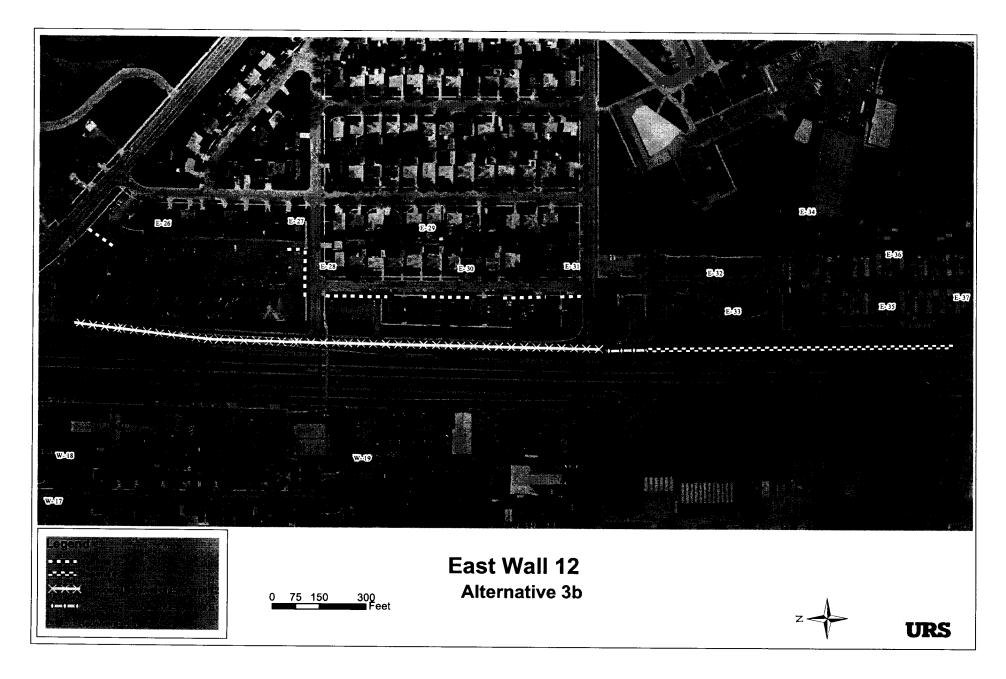


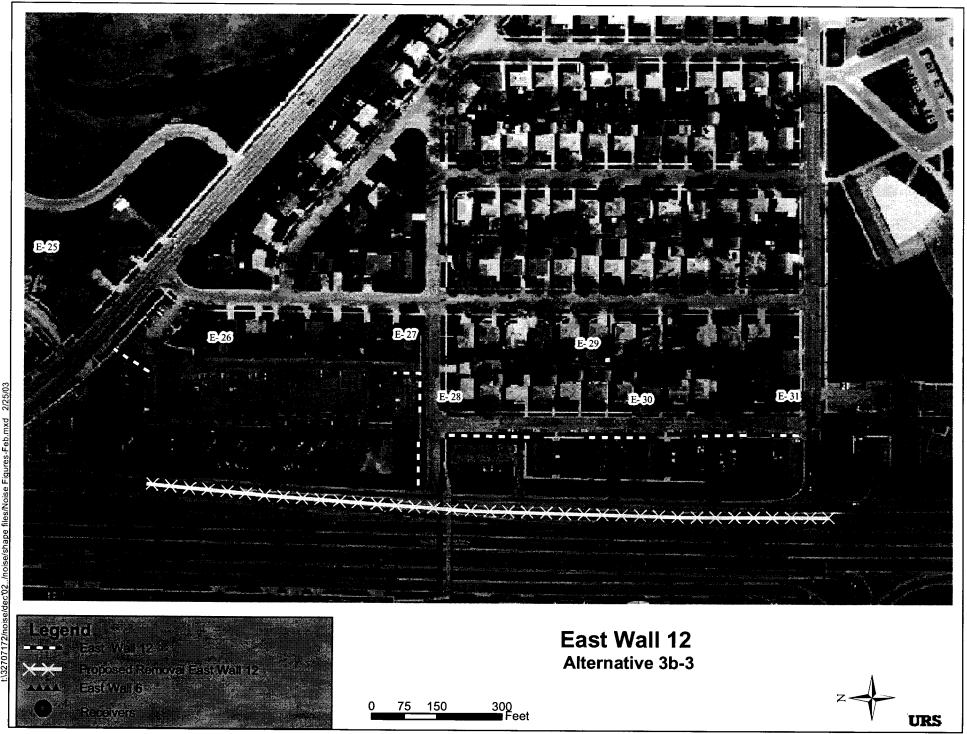




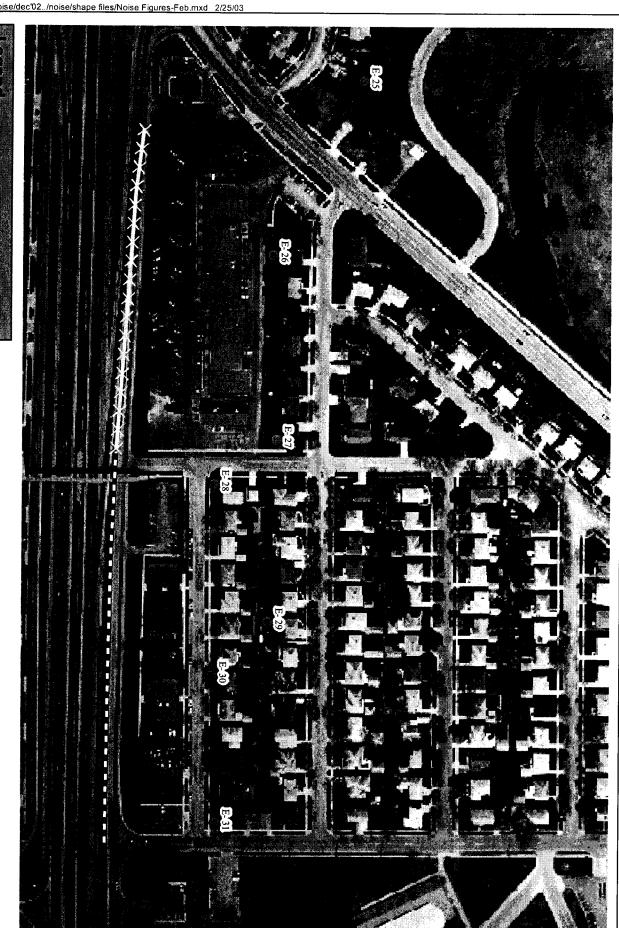








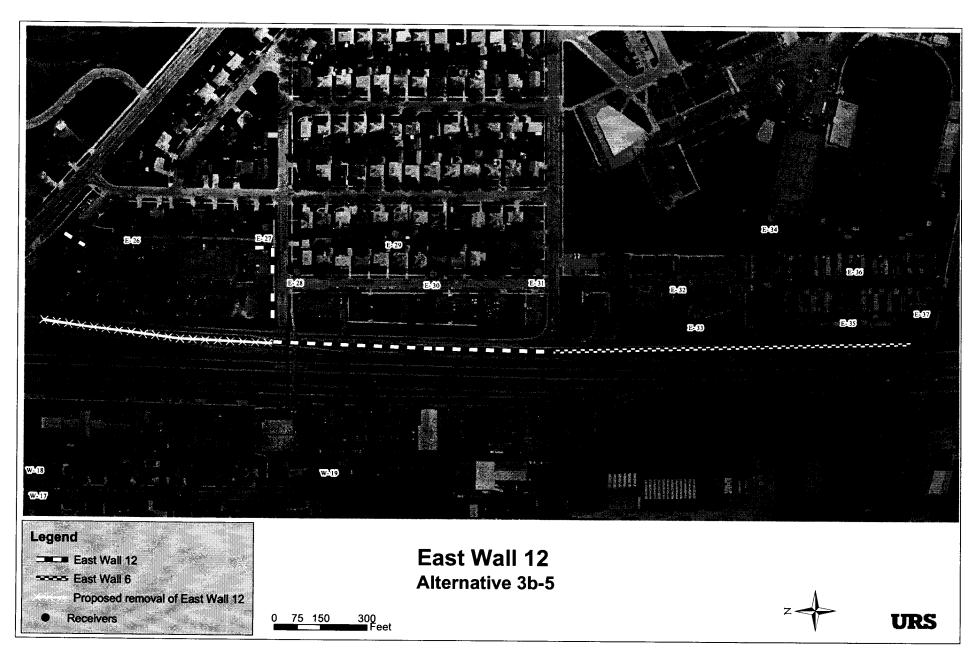




Feet

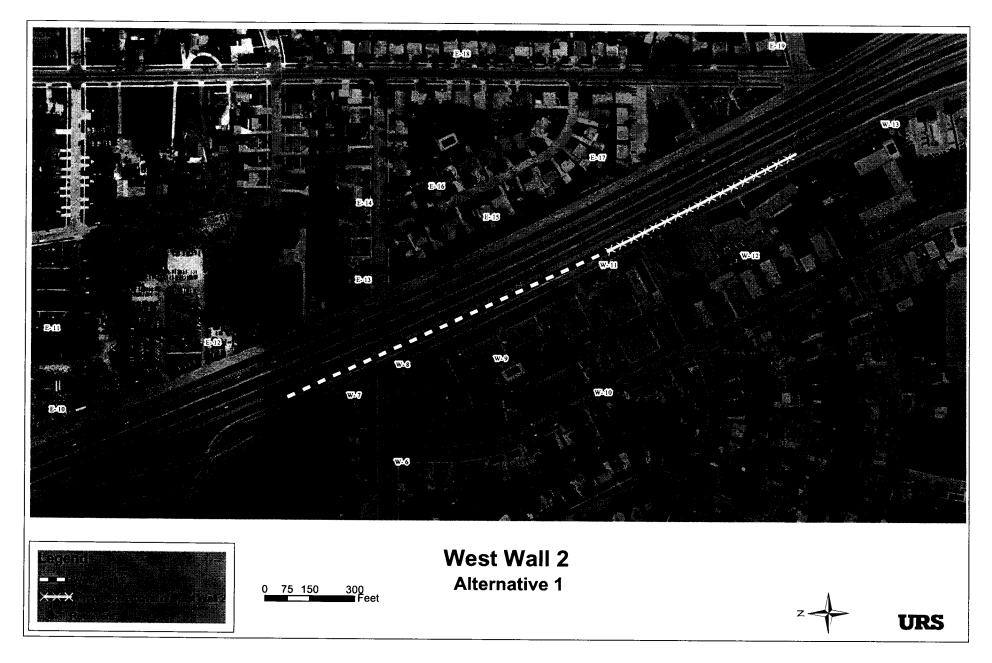
East Wall 12 Alternative 3b-4

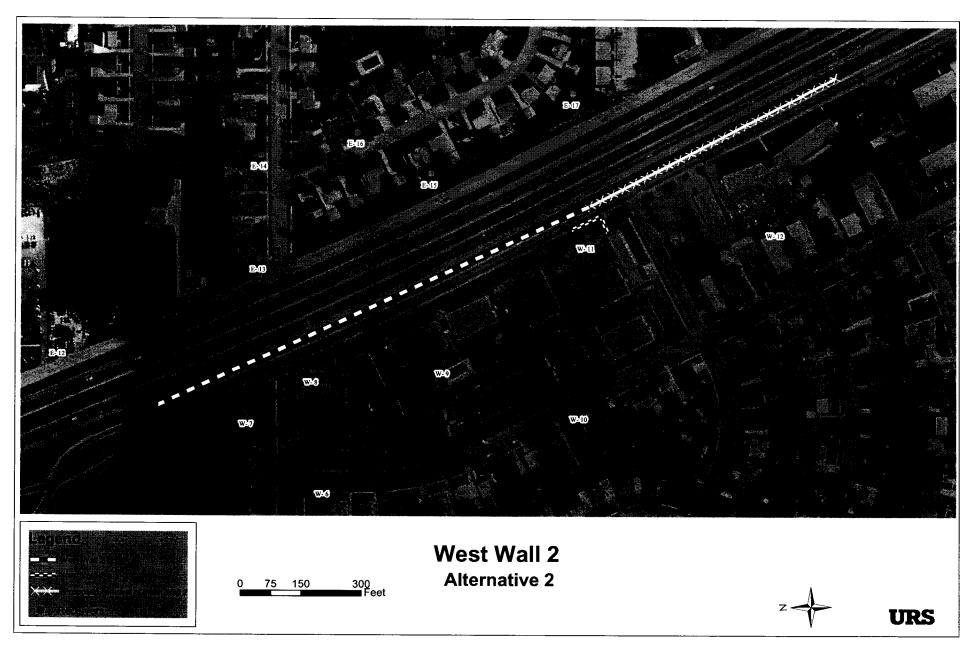




















West Wall 2 Alternatives 3 and 4

300 Feet 75 150



URS